The listing of the claims will replace all prior versions, and listings, of claims in the application:

## Listing of Claims:

Claims 1-30 (Canceled).

Claim 31 (New): A label for sealing over a transition between axially different cross-sections, featuring a base layer with a first application part and a second application part that is connected to the first application part by means of a transition part, as well as a self-adhesive coating that is provided at least sectionally on the underside of the first and the second application part of the base layer, wherein the surface area of the transition part is smaller than the surface area of each of the application parts.

Claim 32 (New): The label according to Claim 31, wherein the first and the second application part are arranged offset relative to one another in such a way that an imaginary, virtual linear extension of the first application part that extends beyond the transition part in the transverse direction of the label and has an infinite length only overlaps the second application part partially such that one of the application parts

functions as a leading part and the other application part functions as a trailing part when the label is applied properly.

Claim 33 (New): The label according to Claim 32, wherein the imaginary, virtual linear widening of the first application part that extends beyond the transition part in the transverse direction of the label and has an infinite width only overlaps the second application part to such a degree that the length of the overlapping region does not exceed one-third the length of one of the application parts.

Claim 34 (New): The label according to Claim 33, wherein the imaginary, virtual linear widening of the first application part that extends beyond the transition part in the transverse direction of the label and has an infinite width only overlaps the second application part to such a degree that the length of the overlapping region does not exceed one-fourth the length of one of the application parts.

Claim 35 (New): The label according to Claim 34, wherein the imaginary, virtual linear widening of the first application part that extends beyond the transition part in the transverse direction of the label and has an infinite width only overlaps the second application part to such a degree that the length of

the overlapping region does not exceed one-third the length of one of the application parts.

Claim 36 (New): The label according to Claim 35, wherein the first and the second application part are arranged offset relative to one another in such a way that an imaginary, virtual linear widening of the first application part that extends beyond the transition part in the transverse direction of the label and has an infinite width does not overlap the second application part.

Claim 37 (New): The label according to Claim 31, wherein the first and the second application part are arranged offset relative to one another in such a way that an imaginary, virtual linear extension of the first application part that extends beyond the transition part in the longitudinal direction of the label and has an infinite length only overlaps the second application part partially.

Claim 38 (New): The label according to Claim 37, wherein the first and the second application part are arranged offset relative to one another in such a way that an imaginary, virtual linear extension of the first application part that extends beyond the transition part in the longitudinal direction of the

label and has an infinite length does not overlap the second application part.

Claim 39 (New): The label according to Claim 31, wherein the base layer features weakenings in the region of the transition part.

Claim 40 (New): The label according to Claim 39, wherein the weakenings are realized in the form of punching lines.

Claim 41 (New): The label according to Claim 31, wherein the transition part forms a narrowing of the label contour.

Claim 42 (New): The label according to Claim 41, wherein the transition part forms a contraction of the label contour.

Claim 43 (New): The label according to Claim 31 featuring printed information.

Claim 44 (New): The label according to Claim 31, wherein at least sections of the base layer are realized in an at least partially transparent fashion.

Claim 45 (New): The label according to Claim 31 featuring a voiding foil structure.

Claim 46 (New): The label according to Claim 31 featuring at least one detachable receipt section.

Claim 47 (New): The label according to Claim 31 featuring a pull tab.

Claim 48 (New): The label according to claim 31 featuring a perforation at the transition between the transition part and one of the application parts.

Claim 49 (New): The label according to Claim 31, wherein the base layer consists at least sectionally of a heat shrinking foil material.

Claim 50 (New): A coaxial arrangement of two separable bodies with at least one of a cylindrical region, a prismatic region and a conical region, wherein the bodies have different cross-sections in the region of their transition, and wherein the transition is sealed over with a label featuring a base layer with a first application part and a second application part that is connected to the first application part by means of a transition part, as well as a self-adhesive coating that is provided at least sectionally on the underside of the first and the second application part of the base layer, wherein the surface area of the transition part is smaller than the surface

area of each of the application parts, in such a way that the first application part of the label is fixed on one of the bodies and the second application part of the label is fixed on the other body.

Claim 51 (New): The arrangement according to Claim 50, wherein the first application part extends over more than one-half the circumference of one of the bodies and the second application part extends over more than one-half the circumference of the other body, and wherein the transition part extends over less than one-fourth of the smaller of the two circumferences.

Claim 52 (New): The arrangement according to Claim 50, wherein the first application part of the label is exclusively fixed on the surface of one body and the second application part of the label is exclusively fixed on the surface of the other body.

Claim 53 (New): The arrangement according to Claim 50, wherein the diameters of the two bodies deviate from one another in a step-like fashion by at least 5% of the smaller diameter in the region of the transition part of the label.

Claim 54 (New): The arrangement according to Claim 53, wherein the diameters of the two bodies deviate from one another in a step-like fashion by at least 10% of the smaller diameter in the region of the transition part of the label.

Claim 55 (New): The arrangement according to Claim 54, wherein the diameters of the two bodies deviate from one another in a step-like fashion by at least 20% of the smaller diameter in the region of the transition part of the label.

Claim 56 (New): A method for sealing over a coaxial arrangement of two separable bodies with at least one of a cylindrical region, a prismatic region and a conical region that have different cross-sections in the region of their transition, wherein a label is provided that has two application parts arranged offset relative to one another and connected by means of a transition part, and wherein the label is applied in the tangential direction such that one application part lies on one of the bodies and the other application part lies on the other body and the leading edge of one application part comes in contact with one body before the leading edge of the other application part comes in contact with the other body.

Claim 57 (New): The method according to Claim 56, wherein the trailing edge of one application part comes in contact with

one body before the trailing edge of the other application part comes in contact with the other body.

Claim 58 (New): The method according to Claim 56, wherein at least two-thirds of the tangential length of one application part lies on one body before the leading edge of the other application part comes in contact with the other body.

Claim 59 (New): The method according to Claim 58, wherein at least three-fourths of the tangential length of one application part lies on one body before the leading edge of the other application part comes in contact with the other body.

Claim 60 (New): The method according to Claim 58, wherein the trailing edge of one application part comes in contact with one body (100) before the leading edge of the other application part comes in contact with the other body.